

### Disclaimer

This is not legal advice. Reading these slides or attending this seminar does not make you my client and does not make me your lawyer. This is an educational program. If you want legal advice, consult competent counsel who can learn your detailed situation and can give you advice about your situation.

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### A word about your presenter

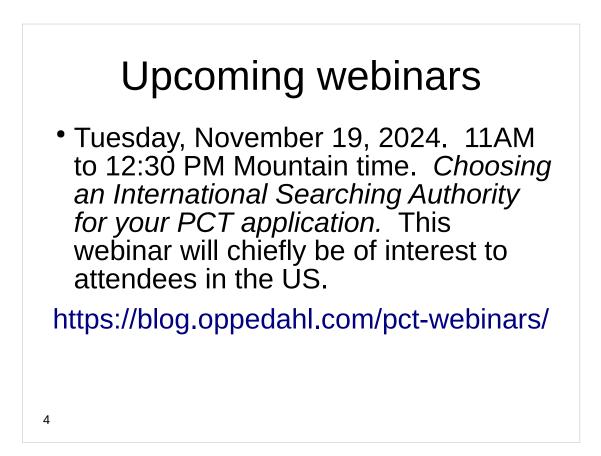
Yes I am often a consultant for WIPO, teaching this and many other PCT programs, live and recorded ...

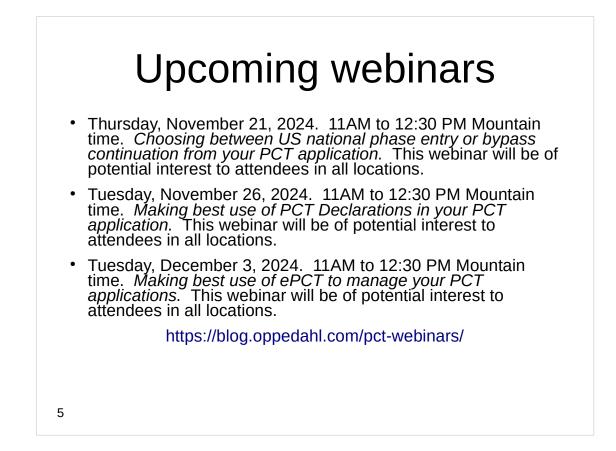
in person and via webinar ...

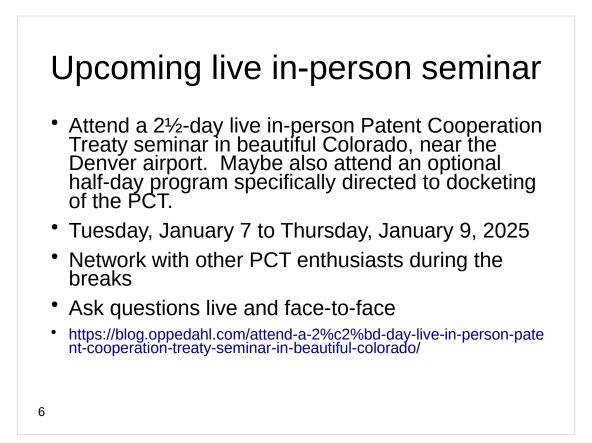
I am also an opinionated private practitioner

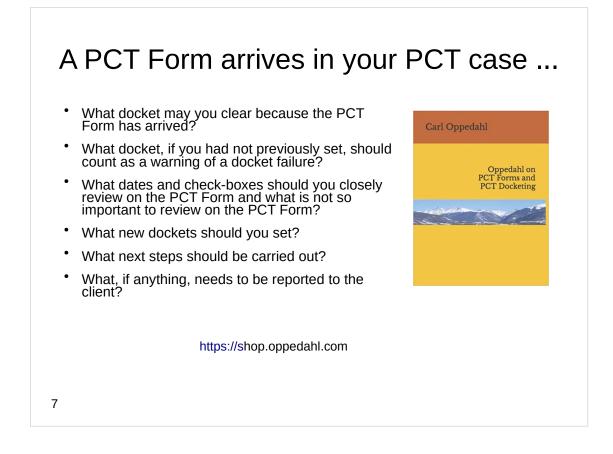
Please join me in recognizing that I wear two hats from time to time during the webinar

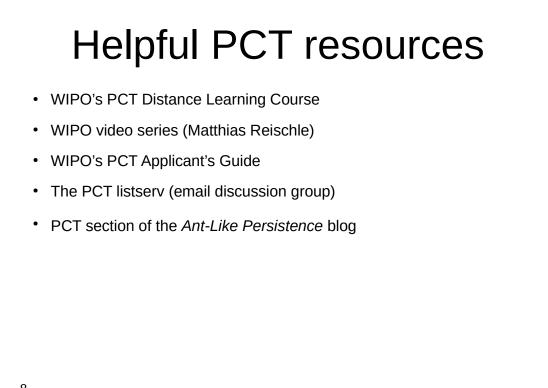
When you hear me expressing opinions, then I am not speaking on behalf of WIPO, and instead I am merely speaking as a private practitioner







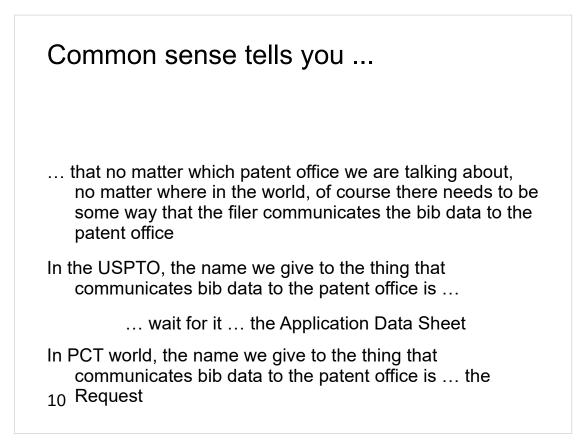


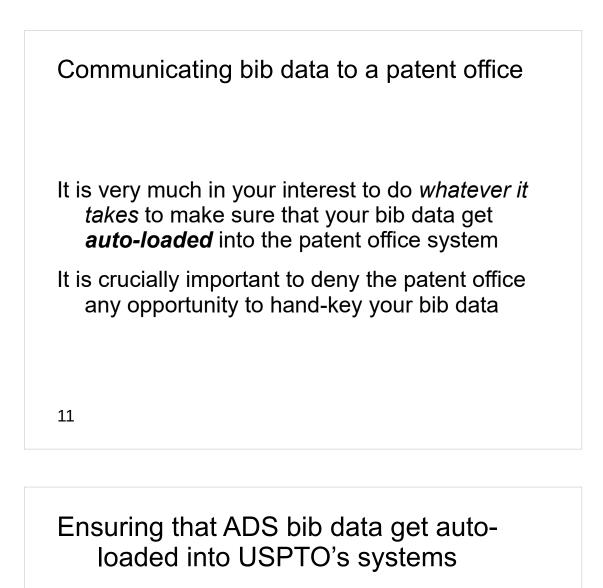


#### What is "bibliographic data"?

This is for example:

- Who are the inventors?
- Who is the applicant?
- What is the title?
- Are we claiming priority?
- Which Searching Authority did we pick?
- Is an agent representing the applicant? This is what we mean by "bib data"





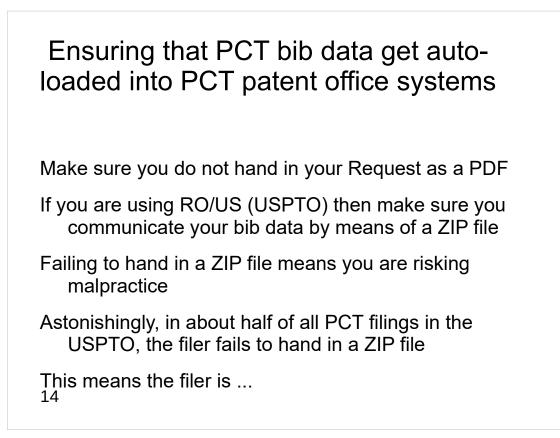
Make sure your ADS is not image-based (make sure it is computer-readable)

Make sure it is in the e-filed submission *in which you do not yet know* your application number

This is in Patentcenter

#### If you are a US filer, you are using Patent Center

Patentcenter is very buggy and needs features You need to contribute to cleaning up Patentcenter To do this, you need to be using Patentcenter And you need to join and participate in the Patentcenter listserv This is not the same as Ideascale



Ensuring that PCT bib data get autoloaded into PCT patent office systems

Make sure you do not hand in your Request as a PDF

If you are using RO/IB it is simply a matter of using ePCT to file the PCT application

This causes auto-loading of the bib data into the PCT patent office systems

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I will now ask our US filers ... what is it that you do to make it so that the patent application you are about to file at the USPTO will be visible to you in Patentcenter? Yeah, what? (attendee scratches his or her head ... it has something to do with customer numbers ... yeah, we just make sure to use the right customer number or something ... hmm ... )

#### PCT world has a thing that is like Patentcenter and is like the old Private PAIR

Okay so when you are filing a new PCT application you ought to do what it takes to make it so that the PCT application you are about to file will be visible to you in the thing that is like Patentcenter and the old PAIR

What is that thing? Customer number? No, it can't be that. Hmmm.

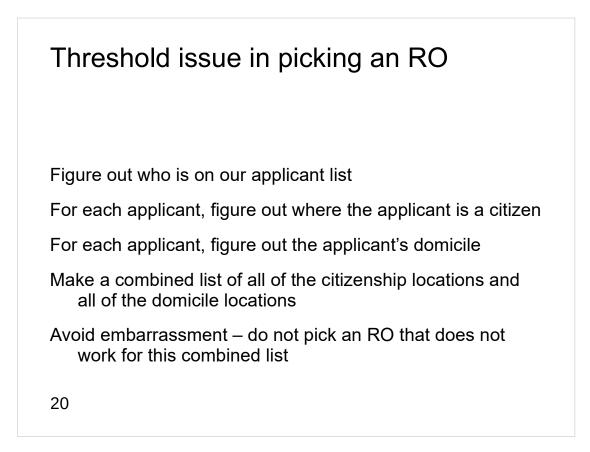
When you are filing a new PCT application, what do you do so that the PCT application you are about to file will be visible to you in the thing that is like Patentcenter and Private PAIR?

It's different depending on whether you are filing at RO/US or filing at RO/IB

- At RO/US, the thing you do is upload a ZIP file that you created in ePCT
- At RO/IB, the thing you do is e-file using ePCT

Did I mention that you need to learn to use every feature of ePCT if you have not done so already?

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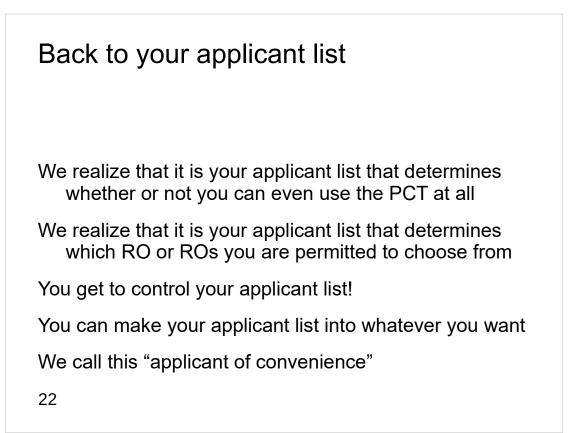


How to avoid getting this wrong?

Use ePCT to prepare your PCT Request

ePCT will warn you if your applicant list fails to provide an entitlement to make use of the Patent Cooperation Treaty

ePCT will warn you if you attempt to make use of an RO that does not work given your applicant list



Now to pros and cons of particular ROs

The RO that you pick determines which ISAs you can choose from

Each RO "certifies" one or more ISAs

RO/US has "certified" nine of the 24 possible ISAs

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# Which ISAs can you choose from if the RO you pick is RO/IB?

You make a list of all of the ROs that you could use given your applicant list and the resulting list of applicant citizenships and applicant domiciles

You make a list of all of the ISAs that all of those ROs would have permitted you to choose from

That is the list of all of the ISAs that the RO/IB will permit you to choose from

ePCT will calculate all of this for you

Did I mention it is good to learn to use ePCT?

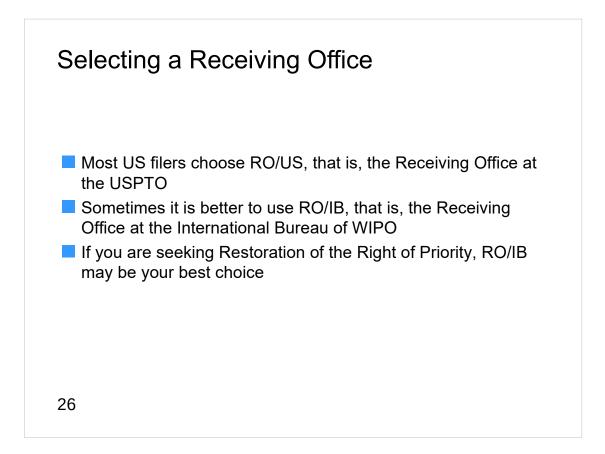
#### There is a further consequence from this

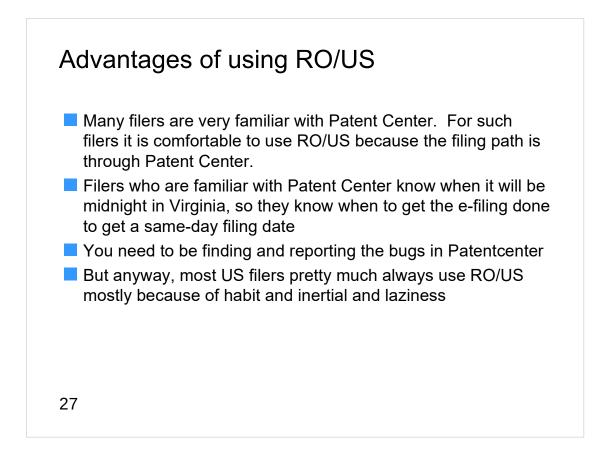
The ISA you pick will in turn put limits on the list of IPEAs that you can choose from if you later decide you want to file a Demand

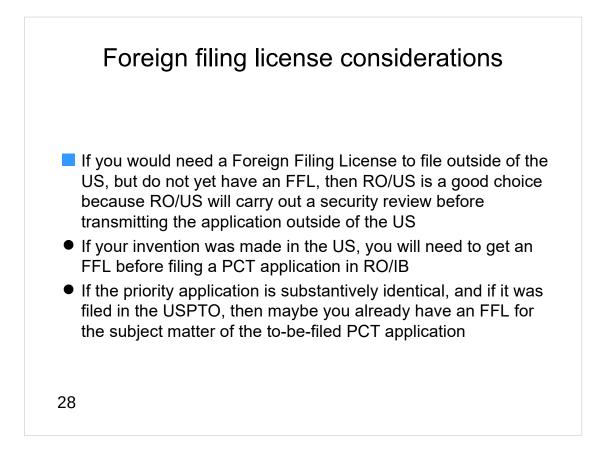
And the range of ISAs you can choose from is a function of the RO that you pick

So this is another reason to choose wisely when choosing your RO

Maybe you are certain you won't be filing a Demand, in which case you can ignore this further consequence

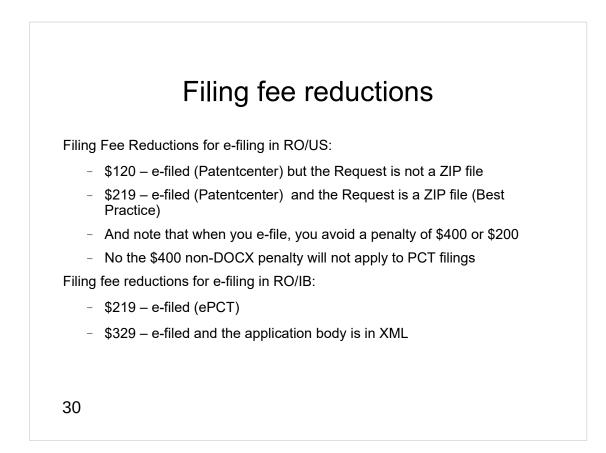






#### **E-Filing**

- RO/US: Patentcenter by midnight in Alexandria (now 99.6% of cases get efiled)
- RO/IB: ePCT by (usually) six hours earlier





## Alexandria or Geneva? Restoration of the Right of Priority

RO/US: unintentional criterion only

RO/IB: unintentional criterion or in spite of due care (important for later filings in AM, BH, BW, CH, CR, DK, EE, EG, EP, ES, FI, GT, HR, HU, IL, IS, JP, LT, NZ, PE, PL, PT, RS, RU, SE, SK)

Fee for Requesting Restoration of the Right of Priority

- RO/US: \$2100
  - \$840 if filing as a small entity (\$420 micro-entity)
- RO/IB: None

IF YOU NEED TO RESTORE PRIORITY, THINK RO/IB!

#### Alexandria or Geneva? Languages Accepted

RO/US: English

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RO/IB: Any language, but

If the language is not accepted by the ISA, the applicant will have to furnish a translation. If the language is not a language of publication, the applicant will have to furnish a translation of the application into one of the languages of publication.

How would the filer even remember to pay attention to this? Guess what? ePCT will remind you at Request-prep time! It is good to learn to use ePCT.

> Alexandria or Geneva? ISA Choices

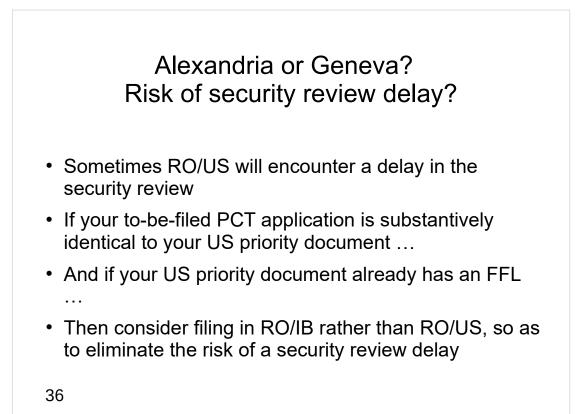
- RO/US: AU, EP, IL, JP, KR, PH, RU\*, SG, US
- RO/IB: For a US filer, RO/IB offers at least as many choices as RO/US, but may have additional choices depending on whether there is any non-US nationality or <sub>34</sub>residence among the applicants

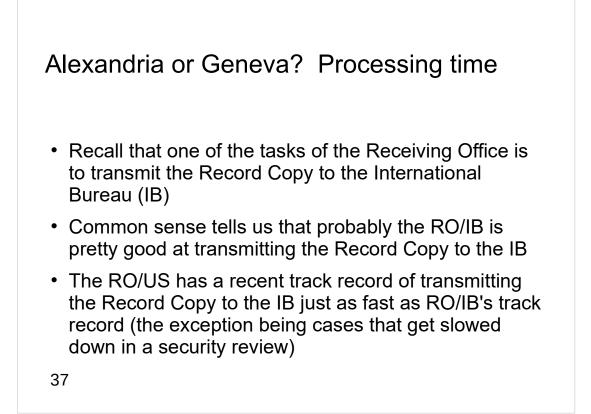
#### Alexandria or Geneva?

Certified copies of US priority documents

- RO/US: very easy you just check a box in the Request ("RO to forward") or use DAS
- It is better to use DAS, why?
- It is unwise to use "RO to forward", why?
- RO/IB: you can use WIPO's DAS system

SEither approach is free of charge



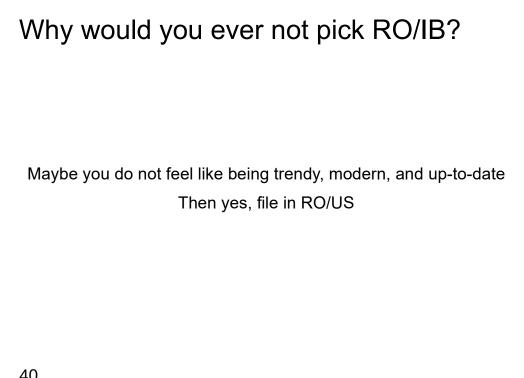


#### Alexandria or Geneva? Delay before case becomes visible in the PCT system that is like Private PAIR

- If you pick RO/US (or any RO other than RO/IB) then it will take likely take weeks for the newly filed PCT application to be visible to you in the PCT system that is like Private PAIR
- If you pick RO/IB, then your newly filed PCT application will be visible to you in the PCT system that is like Private PAIR *instantly*
- This is one of the reasons that I personally try to e-file in RO/IB whenever I can

#### Why would you ever not pick RO/IB?

Maybe it is past midnight in Geneva Then yes, file in RO/US



## Why some US practitioners end up in RO/IB

Saying it nicely ... they have a client outside the US, and they don't want to share any professional fees with counsel in the place where the client is located

They file in RO/US and it gets transferred to RO/IB

Or they plan ahead and avoid embarrassment and file directly in RO/IB

Either way they end up in RO/IB

See next slide

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#### US practitioner ends up in RO/IB with non-US client, having tried in the Request to be the agent

RO/IB will send a letter to US counsel telling them they can't be the agent

This is embarrassing

US counsel can then demote himself or herself to a mere "address for correspondence"

But good news! The most recent version of ePCT will usually catch this and force the filer to use the mere "address for correspondence" status, thus saving this embarrassment of being demoted

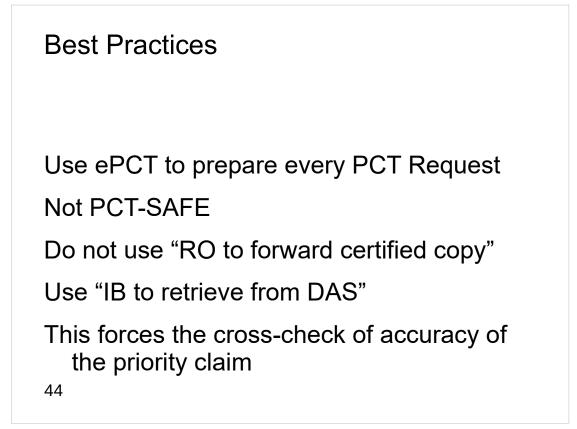
#### US practitioner ends up in RO/IB with non-US client, having planned ahead better

US counsel prepares the Request from the outset so that US counsel never attempts to be anything more than a mere "address for correspondence"

US counsel explains this to the non-US client

This avoids embarrassment in front of the client

Any later papers, for example at the ISA, will need to be ghost-written for signature by the client



**Best Practices** 

If you do choose RO/US, be sure you are uploading a ZIP file

Make sure the source of the ZIP file is ePCT, not PCT-SAFE

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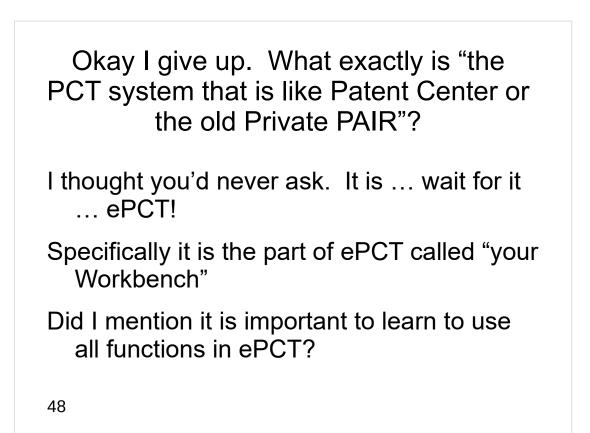
**Best Practices** 

Make use of the PCT system that is like Patent Center and the old Private PAIR to manage your PCT applications during the time after they have been filed

Get the benefit of many automatic notifications and warnings in your pending PCT applications

## Countries where the only RO available is RO/IB

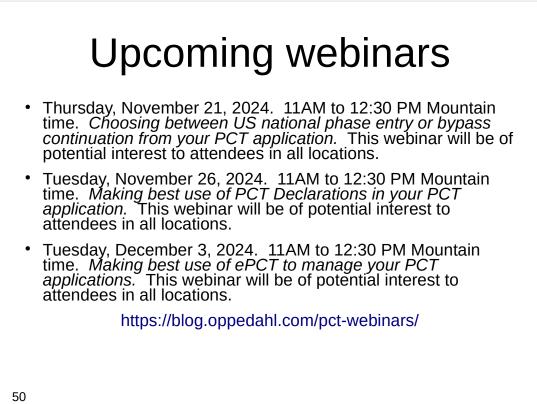
United Arab Emirates (AE) Antigua and Barbuda (AG) Angola (AO) Barbados (BB) Dominica (DM) Guatemala (GT) Kuwait (KW) Laos (LA) Saint Lucia (LC) Sri Lanka (LK) Madagascar (MG) Nigeria (NG) Saint Vincent and the Grenadines (VC)

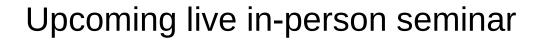


### Upcoming webinars

 Tuesday, November 19, 2024. 11AM to 12:30 PM Mountain time. Choosing an International Searching Authority for your PCT application. This webinar will chiefly be of interest to attendees in the US.

https://blog.oppedahl.com/pct-webinars/





- Attend a 2½-day live in-person Patent Cooperation Treaty seminar in beautiful Colorado, near the Denver airport. Maybe also attend an optional half-day program specifically directed to docketing of the PCT.
- Tuesday, January 7 to Thursday, January 9, 2025
- Network with other PCT enthusiasts during the breaks
- Ask questions live and face-to-face
- https://blog.oppedahl.com/attend-a-2%c2%bd-day-live-in-person-pate nt-cooperation-treaty-seminar-in-beautiful-colorado/

